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- 10 A No. 964149
  - @ 1350ED Mar. 11, 1975
  - @ <u>Clars</u> 123-41 C.A. Cl.

## OO CANADIAN PATENT

ORTHOPEDIC DRILL GUIDE APPARATUS

Malicren, William X., Costa Masa, California, U.S.A.

- D APPLICATION No. 154,660 THES Oct. 24, 1972
- O PERMIT MATE

Sta. OF CLAIMS 14

#### HOTERWAITERS OF CHROSENED AS

#### Picts of the Invention:

The Grill guide apporatus of present invention relates to a device for guiding a Grill to Grill a bore in a fractured bone or the like.

#### Description of the Prior Art:

In hip pinning sperations, it has been common practice for orthopedic curgoons to obtain X-rays of a fractured trochenter and then estimate the desired location and angularity for the hip pin and then drill a series of guide bores in accordance with such estimation. Thereafter, additional X-rays are taken to detarmine the location of the guide bores and if such bores are not properly located, additional bores are drilled and further X-rays taken. Such a trial-and-error procedure is time consuming and expensive while subjecting the patient to extended operative risks and traums.

Numerous hip pin guide devices have been proposed for inscrition in a large instain formed along the upper feweral shaft to locate and maintain the desired angularity for a drill while drilling a bord down the axis of the trochenter. However, with devices are generally unsatisfactory bossums of the requirement of a large instain and the additional rick of infection and treums.

In the carly 30's a rather cumbersome Grill guide was proposed which wounted directly on the fracture table. This device is described in an article by Sven Johansson published in the Scandinavian orthopodic journal entitled ACTA CATAO SCAND 2: 1929. A large sumbersome apparetus of this type ouffers the chartesting that it to exaborates to use and hinders access to the fracture size. Further, each devices are difficult to exact and raise the risk of contomination.

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### POTTENY OF THE NY POTTEN

The crinopedia drill guide apparatus of present invention is characterized by a hand-hold pistol device having siming means mounted thereon for being sligned over a selected point on an X-ray image-producing target disposed over the fracture pite. Guide means is mounted on the pistol device in plignment with the siming means and an indicator is provided for indicating when the pistol device is oriented to align the guide means with the siming means to thereby guide the drill directly slong a line corresponding with the location and crientetion of the siming means.

The object and advantages of the present invention will become apparent from a consideration of the following detailed description when taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

#### DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

PIG. 1 is a top plan view of a patient sufforing e fractured trochantor which may have a bore drilled thoroun by a drill guide apparatus embedying the present invention;

FIG. 2 is a side elevational view of the patient whoms

FIG. 5 is a diagrammatic view of on X-ray of the trachenter of the patient shown in FIG. 1;

FIG. 4 is a perspective vicu of a drill guide apparatuo cabodying the present invention;

FIG. 5 is a front view of an anteversion angle indicator which may be utilized with the drill guide opporatus shown in FIG. 4,

FIG. 6 is a top view, in reduced scale, of the drill guide apparatus shown in FIG. 4 being utilized to guide a drill dean the sais of a patient's trochanter;

FIG. 7 is a vertical acctional view taken along the line

PIG. 8 is a perspective view of an eiming pin which may be utilized with the drill guide apparatus shown in PIG. 4;

Fig. 9 is a detailed view of a modification of the drill Eulde apparatus shown in Fig. 4;

PIG. 10 is a vertical societies view token slong the line 10-10 of PIG. 9;

P20. 11 is a vertical contional view taken through a patient's hip and chowing the Grill guide apparatus shown in P20. 4 being utilized to guide a bone drill;

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FIG. 12 is a vertical costional view, in enlarged scale, taken slong the line 12-12 of FIG. 11;

PIG. 16 is a front view of a accord modification of the drill guide apparatus shown in PIG. 1;

PIO. 15 is a partial front view of a third modification of the Crill guido apparatus shown in PIO. 1:

DEG. 16 is a perspective vice of a fixed chank hip pin guide which may be used with the drill guide shown in Fig. 4;

PIG. 17 10 0 from view of the drill guide shown in PIG. 16;

PIG. 18 is a vertical sectional view, in enlarged seeks, soken slong the line 16-18 of PIG. 37:

FIG. 19 is a schematic view of an X-ray having the fixed chank drill guide shewn in FID. 36 disposed thereover; and FIG. 20 is a front view of a fixed shank hip pin.

#### CIRRETERING OF THE PROPERTY BYNCHICO STA

Referring to 9308. 4. 6 and 7. the drill guide apparatus of present invention includes, concretly, a pictol device in the form or an invorted L-shaped member 31 having an aiming pin 33 mounted on the borrel thereof and a through vertically. extending drill guide slot 35 formed in the vertical leg thoroof. Busponded beneath the barrel of the pistol daying 31 is a pendulum type transverse indicator 41 for indicating the transverse inclination of such pistol device. Thus, a motalile target, generally designated 43, (FIG. 6) may be placed over a patient's grein area near a fractured trochanter and the siming pin 33 aligned over a solected point on such carget and the pistol device 31 rotated about its longitudinal axia until the vertical indicator 41 indicates the drill guide slot 35 is aligned directly below the siming pin 39 for roomles of the bone drill 47 to maintein such Grill in the vertical plen of the miming pin 33.

a longitudinally extending barral 31 which to formed in the

upper extremity with a longitudinally extending upwardly opening groove 53 for receipt of the aiming pin 39.

soraw 55 is sorewed into a threaded transverse bord whoreby

Referring to PIG. 4, the pistol dovice 31 is formed with

such cores may be tightened against the siming pla 33 to held it in position. The pistol device 31 further includes a

Commercity projecting vertical leg 57 which has an extension

59 tolocopped uppordly over the lover end thereof. The on-

tension 59 is formed with an upwardly opening passage 62 for

receipt of the lamor extremity of the vertical les 57. A shumb

seres \$9 10 carosod tate a threaded bere formed in the ex-

tension by to be coresed inwardly against the vertical les 37

to hold the extension 59 in fixed telessegiani rejorionship

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with respect thereto.

The transverse indicator 41 is suspended beneath the berrol 41 by means of a pivot pin 67 for free rotation thereof.

A longitudinal indicator in the form of a pendulum type pointer, generally designated 71, is mounted on the side of the pictol device 31 by means of a pivot pin 73 and is formed with a downwardly projecting weight 75 and as upwardly projecting pointer 77 which points to a vertical indicator line 81 to indicate the longitudinal inclination of such pistol device.

The target 43 is constructed from a semember resilient, heavy motalise wire and is formed with a plurality of lengttudinally opaced chaped elements 65 which are all of a different configuration so cach one can be easily identified on an X-ray. The spaced elements 65 included in the target 43 shown in PIG.
6, are in the form of turned-back loops to form a computate ockewed eight wave having the appeace of the individual elements disposed at one inch specings from one enother. The appealte cade of the terget 43 terminate in closed coils forming respective holding loops 87 which may conveniently receive towel cites 69 for elipping the terget 43 to the patient's abin or draping to thereby maintain such targets possurely in position.

In operation, when the drill guide apparatus of present invention is to be utilized for drilling a bard in a fractured prophenter 45, the patient is placed on his back on a fracture toble 91 and the positions rendered impetite and secured in position by conventional traction devices or the like. The termset 43 is then possitioned ever the injured trachanter and extended to extend generally prensvence to the ania 95 (Fig. 3) of the injured trachanter to the ania 95 (Fig. 3) the injured trachanter to be the content of the injured trachanter to the ania 95 (Fig. 3) the injured trachanter to be placed in place by the

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post 99 to be closely held in a horisontal plane and ough camera is moved into position over the trachanter area and an enterior-posterior picture taken to produce an enterior-posterior x-reylones shown in FIG. 3. The surgeon will then review the X-rey 101 to determine that the extended exis 95 of the troohanter 45 intersects the image of the target 43 at a point 103 formed by the lever portion or the chaped element 65 disposed third from the top and of such target 43.

The sais of the trochenter normally extends at an angle between 10 and 30 degrees from the horizontal when the potient is lying on his back as shown in PIG. 1. This angle is normally referred to as the angle of anteversion. It is common procises to obtain an estimate of the angle of anteversion by taking a lateral X-ray looking inwardly from the side of the patient and then viewing the X-ray to obtain an estimate of the cases of context an estimate of the cases of context and then be held at the octainsted angle in order to follow the angle of the trochenter.

The surgoon will then loosen the thumb scrow 55 to adjust the siming pin 33 in the passage 53 such that the projecting enterestly projects over the target 63. The ourgoon will them align the siming pin 33 over the point 111 on the target 43 which corresponds with the point 103 on the image 105. While maintaining this elignment and holding the pictol device 31 to maintain the siming pin 33 generally aligned over the sais 55 of the trochanter, the surgeon will retate such pictol device 31 hange directly downwardly along the fromt side of the vertical leg 57 to thereby assure that the Grill guide sict 33 is aligned vertically under outh siming pin 33. The bone drill 47 may then be inscribed through the drill plate 37 and instrict 37 may then be inscribed through the drill plate 37 and instrict 37 may then be inscribed through the drill plate 37 and instrict 37 may then be inscribed through the drill plate 37 and instrict 37 may then be inscribed through the drill plate 37 and instrict 37 may then be inscribed through the drill plate 37 and instrict 38 of the

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the ciming pin 33. The elongated vertical elot 35 chablos the vertical location of the drill 47 to be captly adjusted and the estimated angle of anteversion to be held.

I have provided an enteresion indicator, generally designated 121, as shown in PIGS. 5, 6 and 7 for securately
holding the angle of enteresion during drilling. The enterversion indicator 121 is in the form of a base plate 123 having
a series of bores 125 formed through the upper antropity thereof for receipt of different sized bone drills 57. Disposed on
the front of the plate 123 is a pendulum pointer 127 corricd
from a pivot pin 189. The angle marks 131 are scribed on the
front of the plate 123 for indicating the inclination of the
anteversion indicator 121. Consequently, in use if the angle of
anteversion is determined to be 10 degrees the drill is incerted through one of the bores 125 and then through the drill
guide slot 55 as shown in PES. 7. The drill 47 will then be
held at the indicated anteversion angle of 10 degrees while

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An extension, generally designated 135, which may be out patituted for the extension 59 is shown in PIG. 9. The extension 135 includes a through longitudinal alos 137 for receipt of a guide disc 139. Formed in the walls of the ax-lension 135 on opposite sides of the slot 137 are a pair of vertically extending slots defining tracks 141 for receipt of respective hubs 185 projecting from opposite sides of the disc 139. The Gioc 139 includes a plurality of radially extending disselves drill guide bores 145 of different dismeters as shown in PIG. 30. A series of exgle indication marks 147 are soribed as the customatics 150 and radially extending limbo 189 are

respective bores 145 for cooperation with the marks 147 to determine if the angle of which a drill extending through end of the bores 145 is projecting.

Consequently, when the extension 137 is utilized with the pictol device 31, the drill 47 may be inserted through the bore 145 of the appropriate size and with the pictol dovice extended to have the siming pin 33 extending horizontally ab indicated by the longitudinal indicator 71, the angle of the drill projecting from one of the bores 145 may be determined by noting the degree line 147 with which the line 149 corresponding to the bore 145 through which the drill extended to aligned.

Referring to PIGE. 11 and 12, a drill jig, generally designated 151, is provided with a plurality of spaced apart parallel extending guide bores 153 whereby a bore may be drilled in the trochemtor 45 and a pin 155 inserted therein with a portion of such pim projecting for receipt in one of the bores 153 in the jig 151. With this arrangement, additional bores may be driated in the trochemtor 45 in spaced apart relationship and projecting parallel to the pin 155 by merely inserting the drill in different tores 153 and using cuch bores as a guide for drilling bores in the trochemter for receipt of additional pine to thereby enable incatalistics of a plurality of parallel pine 155 as shown in 710. 15.

The drill guide apportague them in PIG. 14 is disting to PIG. 4 except that the pistel device 31 includes a vertical extension 151 which has the lower end thereof angled in-wardly to samplement the phape of the patient's hip.

The extension, generally designated 165, chown in 720. Audia station to the extension 39 except that is in formed with

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e longitudinally extending through slot which slidably receives an arm 167 that cerries a guide disc 139 on the lower
extremity thereof. Extending longitudinally through the arm
157 is a threaded trake rod which terminates at its upper
and in a thumb screen hand 171. Consequently, the guide disc
139 may be set at a perticular setting and the brake 171
tightened to hold such disc 139 looked in the desired position.

Referring to FIGS. 16-80, a fixed chank hip pin guido; generally designated 175, is provided for holding the angularity of a drill while drilling a bore for receipt of a fixed chank hip pin, generally designated 176, as shown in PIG. 20. The guide 175 includes a barrel 177 having a side opening longitudinal ales 179 formed therein for receipt of the guide pin 33. Thumb coross 165 are provided for tightening the siming pin 33 in place. Extending as an angle of approximately 135 degrees to the barrel 177 is a lag 187 which had a transverse bore 191 formed therein for receipt of an indexing pin 193.

The fixed flenge hip pin 170 Analudes a rail 195 that extends at an engle of 135 degrees from the flenge 197.

Installation of the hip pin 176 is similar to imatellation of the eferementioned hip pin except that a second
torget 45' is laid ever the injured grain area prior to the
taking of the anterior-posterior x-ray to produce an X-ray
image similar to that shown in PIG. 19. The siming pin 33
10 again positioned over the X-ray to extend slong the trochander axis and the flange 287 of the guide 175 is laid
along the lateral side of the femoral shaft 201. The point
at which siming pin 33 intermedia the image of the target 45
to then marked, so is the point at which the index pin 193
intermedia the target the index pin 193

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Some the petient's hip and oriented to cause the ciming pin 33 and index pin 193 to intersect the targets 43 and 43' at the respective points corresponding with those marked on the X-ray. The passage 53 of the guide apparatus 31 may then be inserted over the rear extremity of the ciming pin 33 and such pistol device rotated to align the transverse indicator 41 with the les 57 to position the guide slot 25 directly below 4 the siming pin 33.

A lateral incidion may be made along cide the upper femoral chaft 201 and a drill 47 inserted through an ento-version engle indicator 121 and through the clot 35 to drill the decired bord in the trochanter. The drill 47 may then be removed and the noil 195 of the pin 176 inserted in the resultant bore, it being realized that the shank 197 will then be disposed at the required angle to lie along the letteral curfoce of the femoral chaft 201. Berown may be inserted through the chanke 197 to hold the pin in place.

While the procedures described hereinabove drastically reduce the number of X-rays that must be taken during a pinning operation, it will be appreciated that X-rays may be taken after the operation to confirm the proper location of the pin installed.

From the foregoing it will be apparent that the drill guide apparentual of present invention provides an economical and convenient means for drilling a bore at a desired location in a trochenter or the like. The bore may easily be lessted without the necessity of trial and error drilling and the taking of numerous X-rays thereby substantially reducing the cost of operation and slee the operating time thereby reducing the risk of contained and the operating time thereby reducing the risk of contained and the operating time thereby reducing the risk of contained and slee the operation time thereby reducing

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Various modifications and changed may be made with regard to the foregoing detailed description without departing from the opinit of the invention.

The embodiments of the invention in which an exclusive property or privilege is claimed are defined as follows:

1. Orthopedic drill guido apparatus for use in drilling a bore in a bone and comprising:

en X-rey image-producing target for placement ex-

a portable pistol dovico

Cor alignment with said torget;

drill guide means mounted on said pistol device and disposed below said siming means;

verse inclination of celd pistol device whereby cold target may be placed exteriorly on a patient adjacent said bone, an X-rey machine oriented in a selected plane over said bone and simod at paid target and cald bone, an X-rey picture taken, a target point solected on the image of said target, said siming means aimed at the corresponding target point and cald pistol device maneuvered about while cold ciming means indicates and target spot until said bransverse indicates means indicates and aiming means and quide means ore in a plane perpendicular to the plane of cald X-rey machine, a Grill extended through said drill guide means and a bore drilled in said bone.

8. Orthopodio drill guido epperatus da cos forth in Claim l'ahoroin:

maid drill guide mosma to in the form of an elemented guide elet for receiving said drill.

3. Orthopedia drill guide apporatus as sea forth in alaim 1 wherein:

coid eiming meens include an exongeted guide pin projecting from seid gooded downer for the most grade policies. entreally eligned over cald taxget.

4. Orthopedic drill guide apparatus as sot forth in Slaim 1 wherein:

cald target includes a plurelity of different shaped figures disposed at selected distances from one another.

5. Orthopedio drill guide apparatus se set forth in Claim 1 wherein:

said indicator mosab is in the form of pendulum means.

6. Orthopodic drill guide apparatus as set forth in Claim 1 wherein:

said platel device in the form of an inverted Lchaped element;

from the horizontal les of cald pictol device.

7. Orthopedic drill guide apparatus as set forth in

coid drill guido means includes a guido dico rescabily counted on said pistol device and including a plurality of reducibly projecting through guido passages of different cross sections.

8. Orthopedic drill quide opporatus as act forth in Siele 1 that includes:

precages thereby said drill may be inserted through said Grill Guido means to drill a first boro in said bone, one end of a pin inserted in coid first boro with the especial entereday projecting therefrom, said jis installed on said pin by incerting coid entereday in one of said drill passages and said Grill inserted in other of said drill passages and said Grill inserted in other of said drill passages to drill boros gentled to coid first boros

9. Crinopodie Crill Guido epporetus es sot forth in Claim 1 that insludes:

longitudinal indicator means on said pistol device for indicating the longitudinal inclination of said pistol device and wherein;

ongle of enterersion of said drill.

10. Orthopedic drill guide apparatus as set forth in Claim 1 wherein:

josting portion having said siming means mounted thereon and a vertically projecting portion having said duide means could mean a counted thereon said device, further including a tolescoping means interconnecting said horisontal section and said vertical section.

11. Orthopodic drill guido apparatus as oct forth in Slaim 1 that includes:

by and chank guide for use with a fixed shank hip pin having a hall and a shank projecting therefrom at a polected cagle, said fixed shank guide including trochenteral siming means, a shank portion projecting at said selected engle from said trochenteral siming means, said fixed shank guide further including angular index means entending at an angle to cold trochenteral means whereby said target may be positioned over a fractured trochenter, on X-ray taken thereof, said fixed chank guide arranged on said X-ray with said shank portion extending along the image of the femeral shoft and said trochenteral siming means projecting along the image of the needs of said trochenter to enable the user to obtain points and said target said target corresponding with the intersection thereof of said target corresponding with the intersection thereof

nett trial cases ent ce berestenere ed nas salug knoch batt bits cold treetasterel elecia mont and indea means aligned trial mentioned corresponding points on cale torget and sale first mentioned of annual means aligned with cale trochanterel eleca means to loosto cale drill guide means for receipt of cale drill.

12. Orthopodie Grill guido apparatus as cot fortà in Gloim 1 trorein:

projecting transversely to said siming meens; and

cold drill guide to received for longitudinal eliding in cald breek and includes a plurality of different cised through passages for receips of different sized drills.

13. Orthopedie Grill guido apparatus as sot forth in Claim 1 that includes:

ca enterersion engle indicator including a base plate formed with a Grill peacego therethrough and enterersion indicator means mounted on said plate.

14. Orthopedic drill guide apparatus so set forth in Cloim 3 wherein:

said pistol device includes on clongeted passage for telescopies receipt of cold pin and tightening means for bightening cold guide pin in position.







